ANNUAL CANCER REGISTRY REPORT-2022: SHAUKAT KHANUM MEMORIAL CANCER HOSPITAL & RESEARCH CENTRE, PAKISTAN

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CANCER STATISTICS

This report includes patients who were registered at Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust (SKMT)-affiliated centres and filed into the Hospital Information System. These comprise the hospitals (the Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer Hospital and Research Centre (SKMCH&RC) and associated centres.

Distribution of neoplasms

In one year, from January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022, a total of 8,284 new neoplasms were registered at the SKMT facilities in Pakistan. Of those, 3,528 (42.6%) and 4756 (57.4%) patients were male. 905 tumours (10.9%) were diagnosed in children, compared to 7,379 (89.1%) tumours in adults. Patients who were 18 years of age or younger were classified as children, and those who were older than 18 were classified as adults. The stratification of cases by age group and behaviour is shown in Table 1.

| Table 1. Distribution of neoplasms by behaviour and age group, SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, | |
|---|--|
| 2022 | |

| Behaviour | Age group | Registered patients (7,891) | Reported neoplasm ⁺ (8,284) |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Malignant [◆] | Adults Pediatrics Total | 6,403 882 7,285 | 6,496 885 7,381 |
| Benign [€] and uncertain behaviour | Adults Pediatrics Total | 778 20 798 | 883 20 903 |

^{*} The difference in the number of registered patients and reported neoplasms is attributed to multiple malignancies and benign neoplasms diagnosed in 96 and 105 patients, respectively. Further, 192 patients had both malignant and benign neoplasms simultaneously.

[•] Cases with behaviour codes /3 and /2 are considered malignant cases.

 $[\]epsilon$ Cases with behaviour codes /0 and /1 are considered benign and with uncertain behaviour, respectively.

[¥] According to the Facility Oncology Revised Data Standards (FORDS), revised for 2004, Class of Case 00-20 are analytical cases and included in treatment and survival analysis, whereas Class 30-33 are non-analytical cases, usually not included in routine treatment or survival statistics.

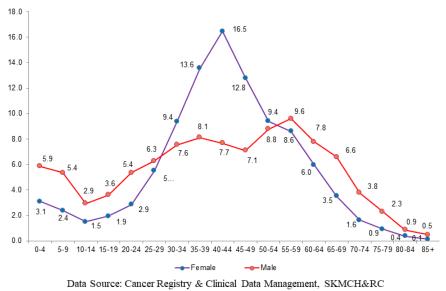
Class of Case

Between January 1, 2022, and December 31, 2022, 7,381 malignant cases were registered at the SKMT facilities in Pakistan. Of those, 7,222 (97.8%) were analytical cases, and 159 (2.2%) were non-analytical cases.

Distribution of malignancies

In the year 2022, a total of 7,381 malignancies were registered at the SKMT facilities in Pakistan. Of those, 3,363 were seen among males and 4,018 were seen among females.

Figure 1. Distribution of malignancies by sex and age group (N=7,381), SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022



Demographics

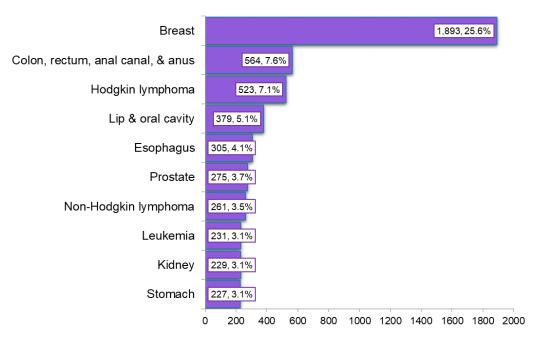
Table 2. Distribution of malignancies (N=7,381) according to the geographic area of residence of the patients, SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022

| Region | Malignancies N=7,381) | Percent |
|--|--------------------------|---------|
| Punjab | 4143 | 56.1 |
| Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (includes FATA ^[1]) | 1,856 | 25.1 |
| Sindh | 150 | 2.0 |
| Balochistan | 80 | 1.1 |
| Federal Capital | 64 | 0.9 |
| Gilgit-Baltistan | 19 | 0.3 |
| Azad Jammu and Kashmir | 58 | 0.8 |
| Afghanistan | 1003 | 13.6 |
| Other countries | 8 | 0.1 |
| Total | 7,381 | 100.0 |

^[1] The administrative unit of FATA was included in the province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on May 28, 2018

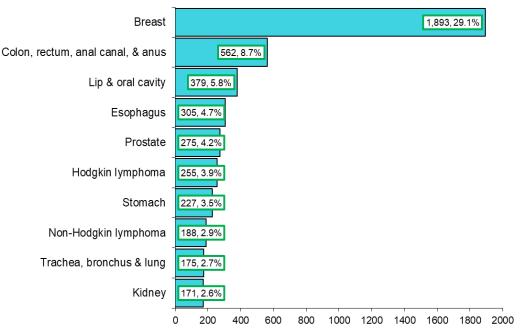
Top ten cancers

Figure 2. Top 10 malignancies among all age groups, both sexes combined (N=7,381), SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022



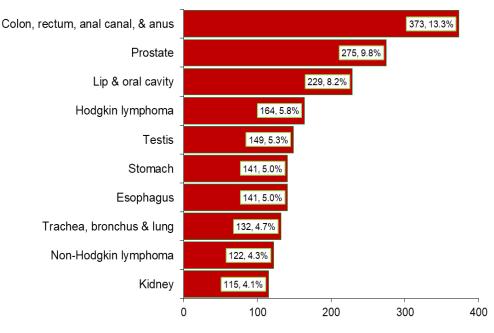
Data Source: Cancer Registry & Clinical Data Management, SKMCH&RC

Figure 3. Top 10 malignancies among adults (> 18 years (N=6,496)), both sexes combined, SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022



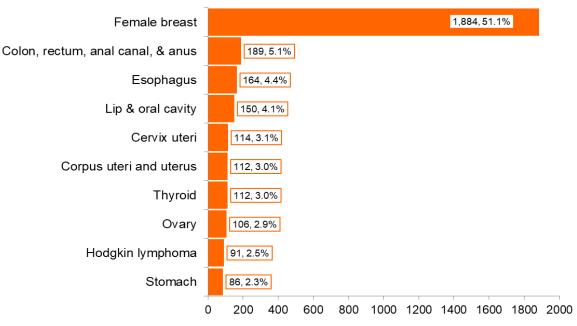
Data Source: Cancer Registry & Clinical Data Management, SKMCH&RC

Figure 4. Top 10 malignancies among adult males (> 18 years (N=2,808)), SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022



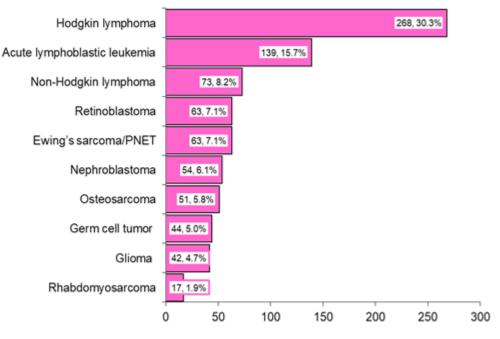
Data Source: Cancer Registry & Clinical Data Management, SKMCH&RC

Figure 5. Top 10 malignancies among adult females (> 18 years (N=3,688)), SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022



Data Source: Cancer Registry & Clinical Data Management, SKMCH&RC

Figure 6. Top 10 malignancies in children (</= 18 years (N=885)), SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022. Classification of childhood cancers is based on tumour morphology using the ICD-O-3 coding scheme for childhood cancers.



Data Source: Cancer Registry & Clinical Data Management, SKMCH&RC

Staging

| AJCC Stage | Count | Percentage |
|------------------------|-------|------------|
| Stage 0 | 78 | 1.1 |
| Stage I | 1005 | 13.9 |
| Stage II | 2013 | 27.9 |
| Stage III | 1,890 | 26.2 |
| Stage IV | 1,240 | 17.2 |
| Unstageable | 273 | 3.8 |
| AJCC stage not defined | 723 | 10.0 |
| Total | 7222 | 100.0 |

Table 3. Distribution of cancers by the TNM staging method of analytical cancer patients (N=7,222) at SKMCH&RC, January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022

An amendment was made on October 31, 2023. A shorter version of the report has been published.

Cancer Registry and Clinical Data Management section

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